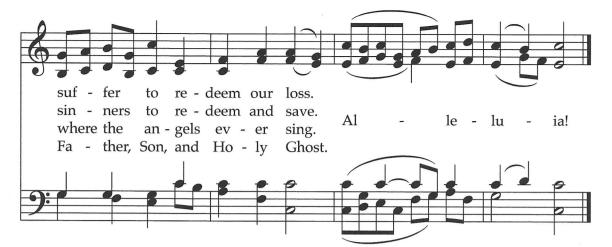


It seems likely that this beloved Easter text began in Latin and moved through German before reaching English, where it combined with the present tune in the emerging English evangelical style, a reaction to the restrained one-note-per-syllable psalmody that preceded it.

JESUS CHRIST: RESURRECTION



SPANISH

- 1 El Señor resucitó, ¡Aleluya! muerte y tumba ya venció. ¡Aleluya! Con su fuerza y su virtud ¡Aleluya! cautivó la esclavitud. ¡Aleluya!
- 2 El que al polvo se humilló, ¡Aleluya! vencedor se levantó. ¡Aleluya! Cante hoy la cristiandad ¡Aleluya! su gloriosa majestad. ¡Aleluya!
- 3 Cristo, que la cruz sufrió, ¡Aleluya! y en desolación se vio, ¡Aleluya! hoy en gloria celestial ¡Aleluya! reina vivo e inmortal. ¡Aleluya!
- 4 Cristo, nuestro Salvador, ¡Aleluya! de la muerte es triunfador. ¡Aleluya! En El hemos de confiar. ¡Aleluya! Cantaremos sin cesar. ¡Aleluya!

KOREAN

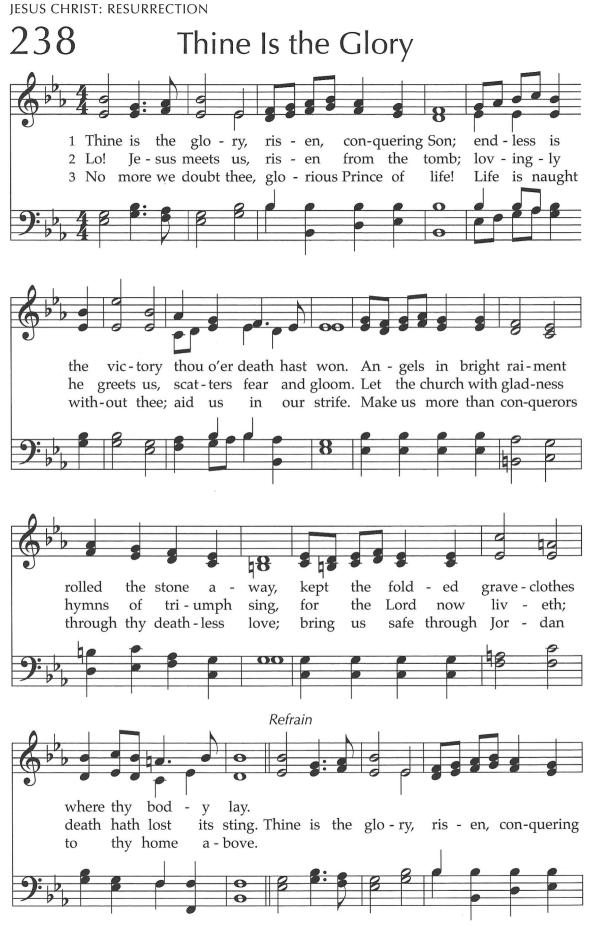
1	예수부활 만민찬송 천사들이 기쁜찬송	했으니 하여라 즐거워 부르네	할렐루야
2	대속하신 선한싸움 사망권세 하늘문을	주예수 이겼네 이기고 여셨네	할렐루야
3	마귀권세 왕의왕이 높은이름 널리반포	이긴주 되셨네 세상에 하여라	할렐루야
4	길과진리 우리부활 부활생명 우리부활	되신주 하겠네 되시니 하겠네	할렐루야

Awakening Chorus

Awake up, my glory; awake.... I will praise thee, O Lord, among the people: I will sing unto thee.... Be thou exalted, O God. Psa. 57:7-11 Thou, whose name alone is Jehovah, art the most high over all the earth. 83:18







This Easter text, first in French and later in English, was written to fit the music, a chorus created for Handel's oratorio *Joshua* and moved to *Judas Maccabeus* in 1751. It grew widely popular following its use at the First Assembly of the World Council of Churches in 1948.

JESUS CHRIST: RESURRECTION





The roots of this English text come from a mid-8th century Greek hymn that continues to be used in Orthodox churches at the midnight Eucharist marking the beginning of Easter. The tune is named for the county in northwestern England where the composer was then an organist.